PE Curriculum



Cooperative Education East

Aims of PE at Cooperative Education East Trust

Please refer to our Curriculum and Rationale document which can be found on our schools' websites. <u>https://banham.cee.coop/</u>, <u>https://bunwell.cee.coop/</u>, <u>https://thompson.cee.coop/</u>

At the Cooperative Education East Trust, we believe that Physical Education not only improves health, reduces stress and improves concentration, but also promotes correct physical growth and development. Exercise has a positive influence on academic achievement, emotional stability and interaction with others. We aim for both teachers and children to be aware of its importance. We strive to provide a broad and balanced program for Physical Education that is linked to wider health, physical activity and sporting opportunities.

We believe every child should have access to these opportunities and activities that are designed to be enjoyable, vigorous, purposeful and regular. Through providing positive experiences, a lifelong interest in physical activity is encouraged.

Our aim is to increase participation in physical activity outside of the PE curriculum and in line with government recommendations of pupils being active for an hour a day.

At the Cooperative Education East Trust, we follow the National Curriculum for PE which can be found here:

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/media/5a7c4edfed915d3d0e87b801/PRIMARY_national_curriculu m - Physical_education.pdf

We have taken the National Curriculum attainment targets for PE and grouped them into units following our scheme of work which is Get Set 4 PE in order to align them with our **C.A.R.E.** vision.

As a Trust we ensure we **C.A.R.E**. and that our children will be **C**onfident, **A**ble to meet future challenges, be **R**esponsible members of the community and **E**ffective Learners.

Get Set 4 PE can be found here:

https://pe.getset4education.co.uk/?publicaccesstoken=fe0G5E72Q%2bmX9HnJIAi6hDpU7KHqS1ZvtNN1IH Ywz9A%3d

Curriculum Map

<u>Cycle A</u>

	<u>Autumn 1</u>	<u>Autumn 2</u>	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Reception	Introduction to PE	Fundamentals	Gymnastics/ Apparatus	Dance	Ball skills	Games
<u>Year 1/2</u>	Fundamentals (1)	Gymnastics (1)	Dance (1)	Ball Skills (1)	Sending and receiving – tennis (1)	Striking and Fielding (1)
<u>Year 3/4</u>	Fitness (3/4)	Gymnastics (3)	Ball Skills (3/4)	Football (3/4)	OAA (3)	Cricket (3/4)
<u>Year 5/6</u>	Fitness (5/6)	Gymnastics (5)	Dance (5)	Football (5/6)	OAA (5/6)	Rounders (5/6)

<u>Cycle B</u>

	<u>Autumn 1</u>	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Reception	Introduction to PE	Fundamentals	Gymnastics/ Apparatus	Dance	Ball skills	Games
<u>Year 1/2</u>	Team Building (1)	Gymnastics (2)	Dance (2)	Invasion Games (1)	Sending and receiving – football (2)	Athletics (1)
<u>Year 3/4</u>	Hockey (3/4)	Gymnastics (4)	Dance (4)	Tag rugby (3/4)	Netball (3/4)	Athletics (3)
<u>Year 5/6</u>	Fitness (5/6)	Gymnastics (6)	Dance (6)	Tennis (5)	Netball (5/6)	Athletics (6)

The EYFS framework is structured across seven areas of learning rather than subject areas. Below is a table highlighting how skills taught in Reception feed into the National Curriculum subjects.

The Statutory Framework for EYFS states that:

Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, coordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, coordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye coordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

The following statements are taken from the physical development section and are what the children will be assessed against throughout their time in EYFS:

Early Years Curriculum	When is it taught?
Gross Motor Skills Children at the expected level of development will: - Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others; - Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing; - Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.	These skills are taught throughout all PE units in EYFS. The repetition of these allows the children's gross motor skills to develop and become embedded, ensuring they have the appropriate foundations on which to build when they enter KS1.
Fine Motor Skills Children at the expected level of development will: - Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases; - Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery; - Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.	These specific skills are taught throughout a number of specific areas of learning in particular; literacy, mathematics, knowledge and understanding of the world and the expressive arts and design. Many gross motor activities contribute towards the development of fine motor skills for example pushing/ pulling of large objects will help to develop core strength and shoulder/ hand strength. The repetition of these actions enables children's fine motor skills to develop and become embedded, ensuring they have the appropriate foundations on which to build when they enter KS1.

Key Stage 1

Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.

National Curriculum	When is it taught?	Links with EYFS and KS2
Pupils should be taught to: Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and coordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities	Cycle A: Fundamentals Cycle A & B: Sending and receiving (tennis and football) Cycle A & B Dance Striking and fielding Cycle A & B: Gymnastics Cycle A: Team building Cycle B: Athletics	EYFS: Fundamentals, Ball skills, Games, Gymnastics/ Apparatus KS2: Fitness, Gymnastics, Ball skills, OAA, Athletics, Tennis
Pupils should be taught to: Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending	Cycle A & B: Sending and receiving (tennis and football) Cycle A: Ball skills Cycle A: Striking and fielding Cycle B: Invasion games	EYFS: Fundamentals, Games, Ball skills. KS2: Football, Cricket, Rounders, Hockey, Tag Rugby, Netball,
Pupils should be taught to: Perform dances using simple movements and patterns	Cycle A & B: Dance	EYFS: Dance KS2: Dance

Key Stage 2

Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.

National Curriculum	When is it taught?	Links with EYFS and KS1
Pupils should be taught to: Use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination	Year 3/4 Cycle A - Fitness, Ball skills, Football, Cricket, Cycle B - Ball Skills, Athletics, Netball Year 5/6 Cycle A – Fitness, Football, Rounders Cycle B - Athletics, Tennis, Netball	EYFS: Fundamentals, Ball skills, Games, Gymnastics/ Apparatus KS1 Cycle A: Fundamentals Cycle A & B: Sending and receiving (tennis and football) Cycle A & B Dance Striking and fielding Cycle A & B: Gymnastics Cycle A: Team building Cycle B: Athletics
Pupils should be taught to: Play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending	Year 3/4 Cycle A – Ball Skills, Football, Cricket Cycle B - Hockey, Athletics, Tag Rugby, Netball Year 5/6 Cycle A – Football, Cricket Cycle B – Tennis, Netball, Athletics	EYFS: Fundamentals, Games, Ball skills. KS1 Cycle A & B: Sending and receiving (tennis and football) Cycle A: Ball skills Cycle A: Striking and fielding Cycle B: Invasion games
Pupils should be taught to: Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics]	Year 3/4 Cycle A - Gymnastics Cycle B - Athletics, Gymnastics, Dance Year 5/6 Cycle A - Gymnastics, Dance Cycle B - Athletics, Gymnastics, Dance	EYFS: Gymnastics/ Apparatus KS1 Cycle A & B: Gymnastics Cycle B: Athletics
Pupils should be taught to: Perform dances using a range of movement patterns	Year 3/4 Cycle B - Dance Year 5/6 Cycle A - Dance Cycle B - Dance	EYFS: Dance KS1 Cycle A & B: Dance
Pupils should be taught to: Take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team	Year 3/4 Cycle A – OAA Year 5/6 Cycle A - OAA	n/a
Pupils should be taught to: Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	A common skill taught and carried out within all units the children complete in Key Stage 2	Where appropriate during KS1 and EYFS

Swimming and Water Safety

All schools must provide swimming instruction either in key stage 1 or key stage 2. In particular, pupils should be taught to:

- swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 metres
- use a range of strokes effectively [for example, front crawl, backstroke and breaststroke]
- perform safe self-rescue in different water-based situations.

Please refer to each school's website relating to the PE and Sports Premium documents as this will illustrate the swimming achievement for children in Year 6 relating to the above attainment targets.

Skills Development (Taken from the Get Set 4 PE website)

Progression Journey: Dance Get Set 4 P.E. NC KS1: perform dances using simple movement patterns. KS2: perform dances using a range of movement patterns. EYFS 2 Accurately copy and Perform dances Copy, remember Copy, Copy basic Copy, remember Copy remember repeat set confidently and remember and and repeat a body actions and adapt set and perform a choreography in fluently with accuracy series of actions. repeat actions. and rhythms. choreography. dance phrase. different styles of and good timing. dance showing a good sense of timing. Select from a Choose and use Choose actions Choreograph Create short dance Work creatively and wider range of travelling actions, for an idea. considering structure phrases that Choreograph imaginatively actions in relation shapes and individually, with a communicate an phrases individually individually, with a to a stimulus. balances. idea. partner and in a and with others partner and in a group group. Use pathways, levels, considering actions, to choreograph longer shapes, directions, phrases and structure dynamics, space and Use action and Use changes of speeds and timing Travel in different Use canon, unison relationships in dance considering direction, speed reaction to with guidance. pathways using and formation to actions, space, response to a and levels with represent an idea. the space around represent an idea. stimulus. relationship and Use mirroring and guidance. them. dynamics in relation to unison when a theme. completing actions with a partner. Improvise and Match dynamic and Change dynamics to Confidently perform Begin to use Show some sense Show a character combine dynamics dynamics and of dynamic and and expressive express changes in choosing through actions, demonstrating an expression with qualities to a range appropriate expressive dynamics and character or awareness of the qualities. of ideas. dynamics to guidance. narrative. expression. impact on represent an idea. performance. Use counts when Use counts with Use counts accurately Use counts to keep in choreographing and Begin to use Use counts when Begin to count to when choreographing help to stay in time with a partner choreographing performing to music. counts. to perform in time time with the and group. short phrases. improve the quality with others and the music. of work. music.

Progression Journey: F.M.S through fundamentals, fitness and athletics

NC: KS1: master basic movements including running, jumping and throwing, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities. NC: KS2: use running, jumping and throwing in isolation and in combination.



EYFS	1	2	3	4	5	6
Run and stop with some control.	Attempt to run at different speeds showing an awareness of technique.	Show balance and co- ordination when running at different speeds.	Show balance, co- ordination and technique when running at different speeds, stopping with control.	Demonstrate how and when to speed up and slow down when running.	Run at the appropriate speed over longer distances or for longer periods of time.	Demonstrate a controlled running technique using the appropriate speed over longer distances or for longer periods of time.
Explore skipping as a travelling action.	Begin to link running and jumping movements with some control.	Link running and jumping movements with some control and balance.	Link running, hopping and jumping actions using different take offs and landing.	Link hopping and jumping actions with some control.	Show control at take- off and landing in more complex jumping activities.	Link running, jumping and hopping actions with greater control and co-ordination.
Jump and hop with bent knees.	Jump, leap and hop and choosing which allows them to jump the furthest.	Show hopping and jumping movements with some balance and control.	Jump for distance and height with an awareness of technique.	Jump for distance and height showing balance and control.	Perform a range of more complex jumps showing some technique.	Perform jumps for height and distance using good technique.
Throwing larger balls and beanbags into space.	Throw towards a target.	Change technique to throw for distance.	Throw a variety of objects, changing action for accuracy and distance.	Throw with some accuracy and power towards a target area.	Show accuracy and power when throwing for distance.	Show accuracy and good technique when throwing for distance.
Balance whilst stationary and on the move.	Show some control and balance when travelling at different speeds.	Show control and balance when travelling at different speeds.	Demonstrate balance when performing other fundamental skills.	Demonstrate good balance when performing other fundamental skills.	Demonstrate good balance and control when performing other fundamental skills.	Show fluency and control when travelling, landing, stopping and changing direction.
Change direction at a slow pace.	Begin to show balance and co-ordination when changing direction.	Demonstrates balance and co-ordination when changing direction.	Show balance when changing direction in combination with other skills.	Show balance when changing direction at speed in combination with other skills.	Demonstrate improved body posture and speed when changing direction.	Change direction with a fluent action and can transition smoothly between varying speeds.
Explore moving different body parts together.	Use co-ordination with and without equipment.	Perform actions with increased control when co-ordinating their body with and without equipment.	Can co-ordinate their bodies with increased consistency in a variety of activities.	Begin to co-ordinate their body at speed in response to a task.	Can co-ordinate a range of body parts at increased speed.	Can co-ordinate a range of body parts with a fluent action at a speed appropriate to the challenge.

Progression Journey: Games through invasion, target, net and wall, striking and fielding games

NC: KS1: master basic movements including throwing and catching. Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending. Get Set 4 P.E. NC: KS2: use throwing and catching in isolation and in combination. Play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.

EYFS	1	2	3	4	5	6
Drop and catch	Drop and catch a ball	Dribble a ball with	Dribble the ball with one	Link dribbling the ball	Use dribbling to change the direction of	Use dribbling to change
with two hands.	after one bounce on the move.	two hands on the move.	hand with some control in game situations.	with other actions with increasing control.	play with some control under pressure.	the direction of play with control under pressure.
Move a ball with feet.	Move a ball using different parts of the foot.	Dibble a ball with some success, stopping it when required.	Dribble a ball with feet with some control in game situations.	Change direction when dribbling with feet with some control in game situations.	Dribble with feet with some control under increasing pressure.	Use a variety of dribbling techniques to maintain possession under pressure.
Throw and roll a variety of beanbags and larger balls to	Throw and roll towards a target with some	Throw and roll towards a target using varying	Use a variety of throwing techniques	Use a variety of throwing techniques	Use a variety of throwing techniques with some control under increasing	Use a variety of throwing techniques including fake passes to outwit an opponent.
space. Kick larger balls to	varying techniques. Kick towards a	techniques with some success. Show balance when	in game situations. Kick towards a partner in	with increasing success in game situations. Kick with increasing	pressure. Use a variety of kicking techniques with some	Select and apply the
space.	stationary target.	kicking towards a target.	game situations.	success in game situations.	control under increasing pressure.	appropriate kicking technique with control.
Stop a beanbag or large ball sent to them using hands.	Catch a beanbag and a medium-sized ball.	Catch an object passed to them, with and without a bounce.	Catch a ball passed to them using one and two hands with some success.	Catch a ball passed to them using one and two hands with increasing success.	Catch and intercept a ball using one and two hands with some success in game situations.	Catch and intercept a ball using one and two hands with increasing success in game situations.
Attempt to stop a large ball sent to them using feet.	Attempt to track balls and other equipment sent to them.	Move to track a ball and stop it using feet with limited success.	Receive a ball sent to them using different parts of the foot.	Receive a ball using different parts of the foot under pressure.	Receive a ball using different parts of the foot under pressure with increasing control.	Receive a ball with consideration to the next move.
Hit a ball with hands.	Strike a stationary ball using a racket.	Strike a ball using a racket.	Strike a ball with varying techniques.	Strike a ball using varying techniques with	Strike a ball using a wider range of skills. Apply these with some success under pressure.	Strike a ball using a wider range of skills to outwit an opponent. Apply these with increasing control under pressure.
Run and stop when instructed.	Run, stop and change direction with some	Run, stop and change direction with balance	Change direction with increasing speed in	increasing accuracy. Change direction to lose an opponent with some	Use a variety of techniques to change direction to lose an opponent.	Confidently change direction to successfully outwit an opponent.
Move around showing limited awareness of	balance and control. Recognise space in relation to others.	and control. Move to space to help score goals or limit	game situations. Use space with some success in game	success. Create and use space with some success in	Create and use space for self and others with some success.	Effectively create and use space for self and others to outwit an opponent.
others. Make simple decisions	Begin to use simple tactics with guidance.	others scoring. Use simple tactics.	situations. Use simple tactics individually and within a team.	game situations. Use simple tactics to help their team score or gain	Understand the need for tactics and can identify when to use them in	Work collaboratively to create tactics within their team and evaluate the

Progression Journey: Body Management through yoga and gymnastics NC: KS1: master basic movements as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination. NC: KS2: develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance.						Get Set 4 PE.
EYFS	1	2	3	4	5	6
Create shapes showing a basic le of stillness using different parts o their bodies.	g tense, stretched	Perform balances on different body parts with some control and balance.	Complete balances with increasing stability, control and technique.	Use body tension to perform balances both individually and with a partner.	Show increasing control and balance when moving from one balance to another.	Combine and perform more complex balances with control, technique and fluency.
Begin to take weig on different bod parts.		Take body weight on different body parts, with and without apparatus.	Demonstrate some strength and control when taking weight on different body parts for longer periods of time.	Demonstrate increasing strength, control and technique when taking own and others weight.	Use strength to improve the quality of an action and the range of actions available.	Demonstrate more complex actions with a good level of strength and technique.
Show shapes and actions that stretch their bodies.	Demonstrate poses and movements that challenge their flexibility.	Show increased awareness of extension and flexibility in actions.	Demonstrate increased flexibility and extension in their actions.	Demonstrate increased flexibility and extension in more challenging actions.	Use flexibility to improve the quality of the actions they perform as well as the actions they choose to link them.	Confidently transition from one action to another showing appropriate control and extension for the complexity of the action.
Copy and link simp actions together.		Copy, remember, repeat and plan linking simple actions with some control and technique.	Choose actions that flow well into one another both on and off apparatus.	Plan and perform sequences showing control and technique with and without a partner.	Create and perform more complex sequences of actions with a good level of quality, control and technique with and without a partner.	Plan and perform with precision, control and fluency, a sequence of actions including a wide range of skills.

Progression Journey: OAA

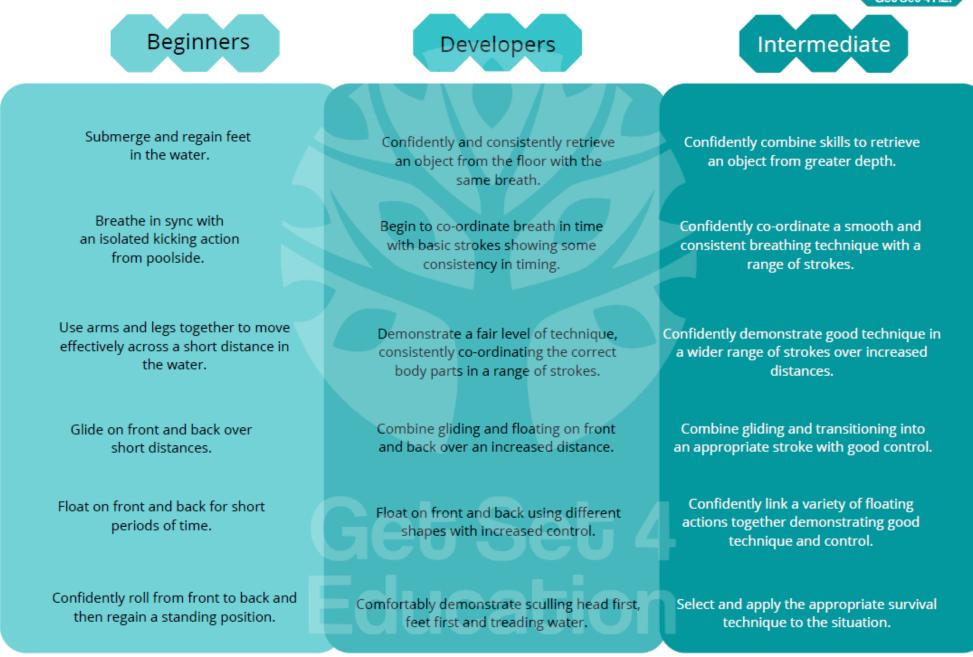
NC KS2: take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team.

Get Set 4 P.E.

EYFS	1	2	3	4	5	6
Follow simple instructions.	Follow instructions.	Follow instructions accurately.	Follow instructions from a peer and give simple instructions.	Accurately follow instructions given by a peer and give clear and usable instructions to a peer.	Use clear communication when working in a group and taking on different roles.	Communicate with others clearly and effectively when under pressure.
Share their ideas with others.	Begin to work with a partner and a small group.	Work co-operatively with a partner and a small group, taking turns and listening to each other.	Work collaboratively with a partner and a small group, listening to and accepting others' ideas.	Confidently communicate ideas and listen to others before deciding on the best approach.	Begin to lead others, providing clear instructions.	Confident to lead others and show consideration of including all within a group.
Explore activities making own decisions in response to a task.	Understand the rules of the game and suggest ideas to solve simple tasks.	Try different ideas to solve a task.	Plan and attempt to apply strategies to solve problems.	Plan and apply strategies to solve problems.	Plan and apply strategies with others to more complex challenges.	Use critical thinking skills to form ideas and strategies selecting and applying the best method to solve a problem.
Make decisions about where to move in space. Follow a path.	Copy a simple diagram/map.	Follow and create a simple diagram/map.	Orientate and follow a diagram/map.	Identify key symbols on a map and use a key to help navigate around a grid.	Orientate a map confidently using it to navigate around a course.	Confidently and efficiently orientate a map, identifying key features to navigate around a course.
Begin to identify personal success.	Identify own and others' success.	Understand when a challenge is solved successfully and begin to suggest simple ways to improve.	Reflect on when and why challenges are solved successfully and use others' success to help them to improve.	Watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of their team strategy, giving ideas for improvements.	Explain why a particular strategy worked and alter methods to improve.	Accurately reflect on when challenges are solved successfully and suggest well thought out improvements.
	www.getset4pe.co.uk					

Progression Journey: Swimming NC: All schools must provide swimming instruction either in key stage 1 or key stage 2.





Progression Journey: SET



	EYFS	1 2	3 4	56
SOCIAL	Take turns. Learn to share equipment with others. Share their ideas with others.	Encourage others to keep trying. Talk to a partner about their ideas and take turns to listen to each other. Work with a partner and small group to play games and solve challenges.	Encourage and motivate others to work to their personal best. Work with others to achieve a shared goal. Work with others to self manage games.	Share ideas with others and work together to decide on the best approach to a task. Lead others and show consideration of including all within a group. Communicate with others clearly and effectively.
EMOTIONAL	Try again if they do not succeed. Practise skills independently. Confident to try new tasks and challenges.	Show determination to continue working over a longer period of time. Determined to complete the challenges and tasks set. Explore skills independently before asking for help. Confident to share ideas, contribute to class discussion and perform in front of others.	Persevere when finding a challenge difficult. Understand what their best looks like and they work hard to achieve it. Begin to use rules showing awareness of fairness and honesty. Show an awareness of how other people feel.	Understand what maximum effort looks and feels like and show determination to achieve it. Use different strategies to persevere to achieve personal best. Compete within the rules showing fair play and honesty when playing independently. Confident to attempt tasks and challenges outside of their comfort zone.
THINKING	Begin to identify personal success. Choose own movements and actions in response to simple tasks e.g. choosing to travel by skipping. Begin to provide simple feedback saying what they liked or thought was good about someone else's performance.	Make decisions when presented with a simple challenge. E.g. move to an open space towards goal. Begin to select and apply skills to use in a variety of differing situations. E.g. choose to use a balance on their bottom on a wider piece of apparatus. Provide feedback beginning to use key words from the lesson.	 Pupils make quicker decisions when selecting and applying skills to a situation. E.g. who to pass to and where to move. Select and apply from a wider range of skills and actions in response to a task. Provide feedback using key terminology. 	Reflect and evaluate their performances both as a group and as an individual and suggest areas for improvement. Recognise and explain their thought process when playing games or completing tasks. E.g. I moved here because my teammate was over there. Identify their own and others' strengths and areas for development providing sensitive feedback and can suggest ways to improve. Select and apply appropriate skills for the situation when under pressure.